Amakdedori or *Amaktatuli* in the Yup’ik language means “the place to carry things over.”

The Pebble Mine is a proposed project to extract copper-gold molybdenum porphyry ore (Pebble Deposit) from an open pit mine about 56 miles northwest of the mouth of Amakdedori Creek. The project is currently under federal environmental review by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

This site is in danger due to the Pebble Limited Partnership’s (PLP) proposed port site for their mine at Amakdedori. If built, the port site will destroy parts of Amakdedori and forever change this traditional place of education. Development of the proposed port could cause irreparable harm to the graves whose locations have yet to be identified.

The Igiugig Village Council is working towards documenting the cultural significance of the site by participating in the ongoing Section 106 process for the Pebble Project.
The Qiyhi Qelahi (Groundhog Mountain) Cultural Landscape is a place of traditional use for the people of Nondalton.

The site is also endangered due to the Pebble Limited Partnership’s (PLP) proposed mine that is directly in the middle of the area. If built, the mine will destroy the cultural landscape. As it is, PLP’s current exploratory drilling program is already impacting the cultural landscape because Nondalton residents are avoiding this area their ancestors have used for countless generations.

The Nondalton Tribal Council is working towards documenting the cultural landscape and is participating in the ongoing Section 106 process for the Pebble Project.